HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS PLANT NAMED 'SMILEY FACE'

BOTANICAL CLASSIFICATION

Hibiscus rosa-sinensis L.

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VARIETAL DENOMINATION

The new plant has the varietal denomination 'SMILEY FACE'.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a new and distinct variety of *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis*L., which was developed in a controlled breeding program in Webster, Texas.

The genus *Hibiscus* comprises about 250 species of herbs, shrubs and trees in warm temperate and tropical regions; with leaves usually simple, mostly palmately veined, lobed or parted; flowers mostly solitary in the leaf axils but sometimes in racemes, corymbs or panicles. Hibiscus is included in the family Malvaceae, which comprises about 95 genera of herbs, shrubs and trees originating in tropical and temperate regions. *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis* is a glabrate shrub, seldom over 8 feet tall in cultivation, but treelike to 15 feet or more in tropical regions. Leaves to 6-inches long, ovate, usually serrate, mostly glossy green. Flowers solitary in upper leaf axils.

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The new Hibiscus is a product of a planned breeding program conducted by the inventor in Webster, Texas. The objective of the program was to create new Hibiscus selections with improved bloom quality, color and floriferousness, plants that can be commercially produced on their own root systems, and improved plant habit with regard to vigor and postproduction longevity.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The new variety was discovered in a controlled breeding program of *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis* and differs from its parents and other known cultivars of *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis* by the following characteristics in combination:

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- 1. Upright, compact symmetrical plant habit that is suitable for container production;
 - 2. Healthy green foliage;
 - 3. Vigorous growth habit;
 - 4. An intense red-orange bloom, spotted and splotched with yellow marks along the outer rim of the flower;
 - 5. Free-flowering.

Asexual reproduction of the new variety by stem cuttings, performed in Webster, Texas and Fulshear, Texas have confirmed that the distinctive characteristics of the new variety are stable and transmitted to succeeding generations, and the new variety reproduces true to type.

COMPARISON WITH PARENTS AND OTHER CULTIVARS

'Smiley Face' is distinguished from its female parent 'Morgan Alyssa' (not patented) by having a different flower color combination; 'Morgan Alyssa' has dark red flowers with numerous white markings. Also, 'Morgan Alyssa' does not begin to bloom until it reaches a height of approximately 4 feet, while 'Smiley Face will bloom in a #1 nursery container at a height of 12 inches. 'Smiley Face' is distinguished from its male parent 'Jazz' (not patented) by a lack of similarity in their flower colors and color patterns; flowers of 'Jazz' are orange with a metallic eye and a fuchsia halo, along with many yellow spots. Also, the flower color pattern of 'Jazz' is variable from bloom to bloom, while 'Smiley Face' has a bloom that is very consistent with its spotting and color. Also, the flowers of 'Smiley Face' have a heavier texture than those of 'Jazz'.

Plants of 'Smiley Face' can be compared to plants of the cultivar 'Golden Dust' (not patented). However, in side-by-side comparisons conducted in Webster, Texas, plants of 'Smiley Face' differ from plants of the cultivar 'Golden Dust' in the following characteristics:

- 1. Flowers of 'Smiley Face' are brighter in color than flowers of 'Golden Dust';
- 2. Plants of 'Smiley Face are easier to propagate via vegetative cuttings than plants of the cultivar 'Golden Dust';

3. Plants of 'Smiley Face' possess healthier foliage and a better growth habit than the cultivar 'Golden Dust'.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF ILLUSTRATIONS

The accompanying illustrations show a specimen of the new cultivar in a photographic illustration as true to color as is reasonably possible to make in an illustration of this character.

- FIG. 1 illustrates a side perspective view of a typical plant of 'Smiley Face';
 - FIG. 2 illustrates the scale of a typical flower of 'Smiley Face';
- FIG. 3 illustrates the typical young to mature foliage of 'Smiley Face'; the abaxial and adaxial surfaces are shown at each stage; and
- FIG. 4 illustrates a dissected flower of 'Smiley Face', including shape and size of petals and characteristics of the reproductive structures.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE NEW VARIETY

'Smiley Face' has not been observed under all possible environmental, cultural and light conditions. The following observations and descriptions are of plants grown in Fulshear, Texas, in November 2003, under polypropylene shadecloth providing a 30 percent light reduction, and under conditions which closely approximate commercial production. Plants described were approximately one year old and in a #3 nursery container. In this description, color references are to the *Royal Horticultural Society Colour Chart* (2000) and terminology used in the color descriptions herein refers to plate numbers in this color chart. Phenotypic expression may vary with light intensity, cultural and environmental conditions.

10 CLASSIFICATION:

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Botanical: Hibiscus rosa-sinensis L. 'Smiley Face'

Parentage

Female or Seed Parent: Hibiscus rosa-sinensis 'Morgan Alyssa'

(not patented)

Male or Pollen Parent: Hibiscus rosa-sinensis 'Jazz' (not patented)

Propagation: By stem cuttings

Time to initiate rooting: Approximately 14 to 21 days at 21-24 C

Time to develop roots: Approximately 42 to 56 days at 21-24 C

Root description: Fine to medium; fibrous; freely branching

20 PLANT

Size

Height: Approximately 51 cm from soil level to top

of flowers

Diameter/Spread: Approximately 60 cm

25 Form and Growth Habit: Perennial, evergreen shrub; mostly upright and

somewhat spreading.

Branching: Freely branching; approximately 4 to 8 lateral

branches develop after pinching

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Lateral Branches: Approximately 15 cm long and 4 m in diameter Internode Length: Approximately 3 cm 5 **LEAF** Shape: Cordate Apex: Acute Base: Cordate Approximately 8.5 cm long and 6 cm wide Leaf size: 10 Alternate, single; symmetrical Arrangement: Margin: Crenate Aspect: Undulate Texture/Substance: Glabrous, shiny Coloration 15 Young Foliage Upper side: Near Green Group 137B Under side: Near Green Group 138B Mature Foliage Upper side: Near Yellow-Green Group 147A 20 Under side: Near Yellow-Green Group 147C Petioles Approximately 2.5 cm long, 3 mm across Size: Coloration: Near Green Group 137A Smooth Texture: 25 Hardiness: USDA Zone 10 (30°F to 40°F) Resistance to known Hibiscus diseases had Pests/Diseases: not been observed on plants grown under conditions approximating commercial

practices.

INFLORESENCE

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Bloom Period Typically year-round under subtropical and

tropical conditions

Flower Arrangement: Arranged singly at terminal leaf axils; free-

flowering with 3 to 4 flower buds and/or

open flowers per terminal apex; flowers face

upright and slightly outward.

Flower Appearance: An intense red-orange bloom, spotted and

splotched with yellow; flowers are open for

about two days before closing; flowers

persistent.

Flower Diameter: Approximately 14 cm

Buds (just prior to showing color)

Rate of Opening: Approximately 1 or 2 days, depending

15 on temperature

Shape: Elliptic

Length: Approximately 3 cm

Diameter: Approximately 1.2 cm

Color: Near Yellow-Green Group 144A

Fragrance: None noted

Petals

Number/Arrangement: Corolla consists of 5 overlapping petals

Shape: Spatulate with rounded apex

Size: Approximately 8 cm long and 8.5 cm wide

25 Margin: Entire, but ruffled

Texture: Smooth

Color Upper Surface: The "eye" or throat starts at near Red Group 46A and transitions to near Orange-Red Group N30A-C throughout the rest of the 5 petal; spotting along the outer edge of the petals range from near Yellow-Orange Group 15B to 15C. Lower Surface: The majority is near Orange-Red Group N34B, eventually fading to near White 10 Group 155B at the base of the petal; outer edges of petals are near Yellow-Orange Group 15D... Sepals 5 sepals fused into a star-shaped calyx Number/Arrangement: 15 Shape: Linear with acuminate apices Margin: Entire Color: Near Yellow-Green Group 144A Peduncles Length: Approximately 4 cm 20 Diameter: Approximately 2 mm Angle: Upright to about 45 degrees Strength: Strong, flexible Color: Near Yellow-Green Group 144A 25 REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS Androecium Stamens: Numerous; approximately 50

Stamen Length:

Approximately 5 mm

Filament Color:

Near Red Group 48B

30 Anther Size:

Approximately 1 mm

Pollen Amount:

Abundant

Pollen Color:

Yellow-Orange Group 15A

Gynoecium

Pistil Length:

Approximately 7 cm

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Stigma Appearance:

5, rounded

Stigma Diameter:

Approximately 2 mm

Stigma Color:

Near Orange-Red Group 34A

Style Color:

Lower half near Red Group 47A; upper half

near Red Group 47D.

10 Seed Production:

Seed production has not been observed